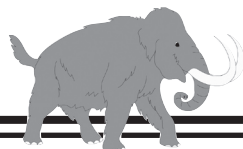




# PREHISTORY PROWL

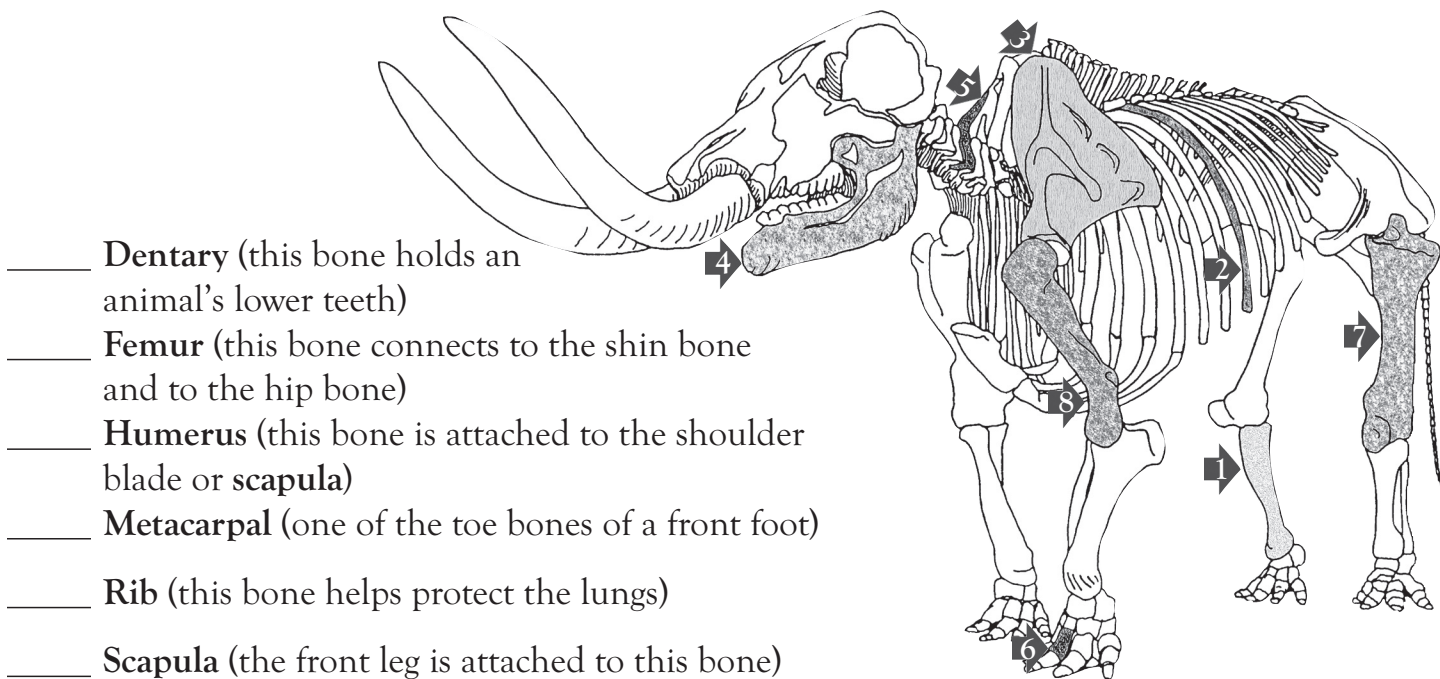
## The First People



### Mastodon Skeleton (*Mammut americanum*)

#### “Name That Bone!”

✓ WRITE the number of the bone in front of its correct name below.



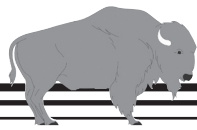
- \_\_\_ **Dentary** (this bone holds an animal's lower teeth)
- \_\_\_ **Femur** (this bone connects to the shin bone and to the hip bone)
- \_\_\_ **Humerus** (this bone is attached to the shoulder blade or **scapula**)
- \_\_\_ **Metacarpal** (one of the toe bones of a front foot)
- \_\_\_ **Rib** (this bone helps protect the lungs)
- \_\_\_ **Scapula** (the front leg is attached to this bone)
- \_\_\_ **Tibia** (this is the shin bone)
- \_\_\_ **Vertebra** (this bone helps protect the spinal column)

(ANSWERS: ① Femur, ② Rib, ③ Vertebra, ④ Dentary, ⑤ Scapula, ⑥ Metacarpal, ⑦ Tibia, ⑧ Humerus)

✓ LOOK in the cases around the mastodon and find out how the early people hunted it.

✓ DRAW a picture showing what was used to hunt the mastodon.





# Importance of the Bison

Effigies are likenesses or images of animals.  
An effigy represents the spirit of an animal or person.



(ANSWER: Bison)

- ✓ **LOOK** at the effigies in the display case  
These effigies are made of stone.  
What animal is this effigy a likeness of?

\_\_\_\_\_



(ANSWER: Bison Antiquus Skull)

- ✓ **FIND** the display case with the bison antiquus skull and the modern bison skull.  
Which bison skull is shown here?  
Circle one:

Bison antiquus skull

Modern bison skull



# Native Plants and Their Uses

Wild plants provided food and raw materials for early people. Some plants had medicinal uses.

- ✓ **CHECK** the category each plant belongs to:

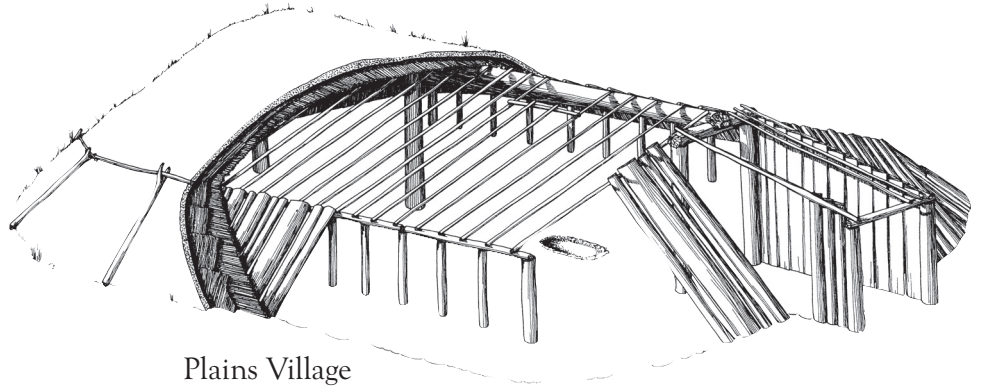
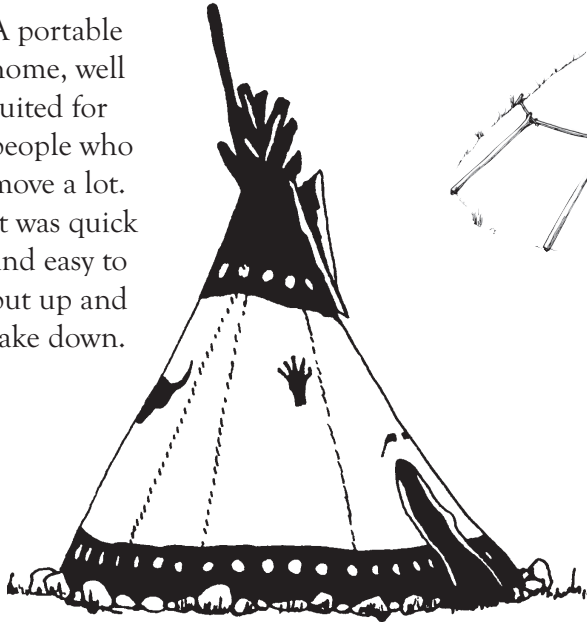
	Food	Medicine	Raw Mateiral for tools
Jerusalem Artichoke	✓		
Wild Onions			
Prairie Clover			
Common Milkweed			
Chokecherry			
Buffalo Berry			
Wild Plum			
Bur Oak Acorns			
White Birch			
Basswood			
Cattails			



## Ancient American Architecture: Early North Dakota Houses

✓ **DRAW** a line from the name of the house to what it looks like.

A portable home, well suited for people who move a lot. It was quick and easy to put up and take down.



Plains Village people began building houses of this style around A.D. 1000. The walls of this house were covered with brush and willow branches, followed by a thick, insulating layer of earth.

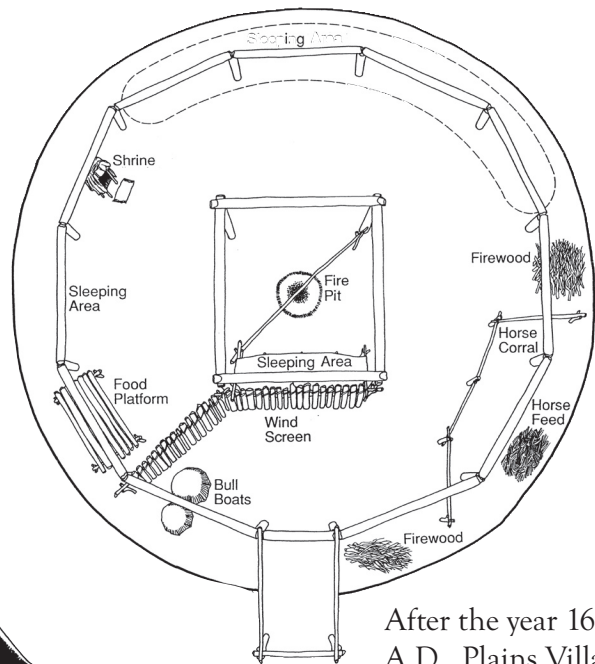
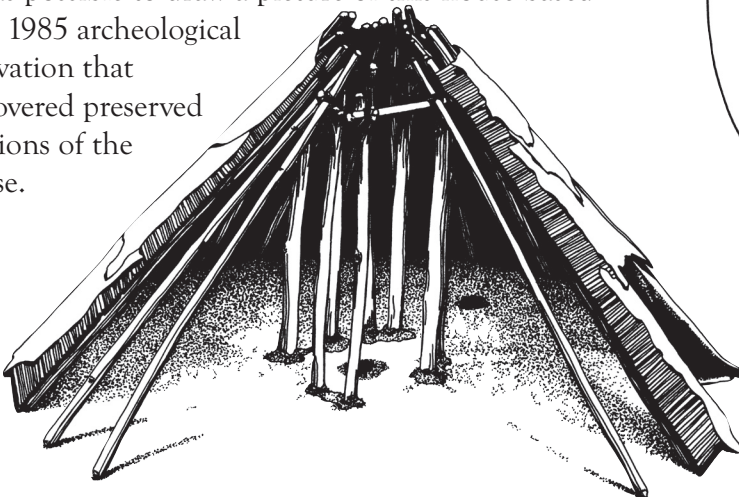
### Bark Covered House

### Buffalo Hide Tipi

### Rectangular Earthlodge

### Round Earthlodge

The oldest permanent home found in North Dakota. It was possible to draw a picture of this house based on a 1985 archeological excavation that discovered preserved portions of the house.



After the year 1600 A.D., Plains Village people began building houses of this style. This floor plan shows where people cooked, slept, and stored things.

✓ **COLOR** the houses when you have time.



## **Prehistoric Gardening in North Dakota** *(Horticulture)*

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Plains Village people planted and tended gardens. Women were in charge of the gardens, raising crops of sunflowers, squash, corn, and beans.

- ✓ **WRITE** the correct name below each of the drawings.
- ✓ **LOOK** in the display case for clues and use these answers:

**mortar and pestle**

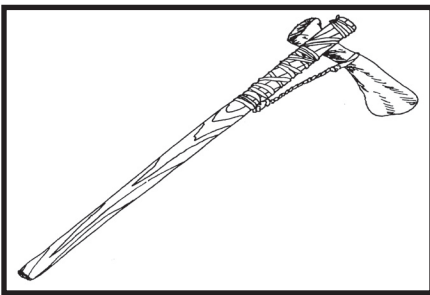
**dried beans**

**squash rings**

**scapula hoe**

**corn**

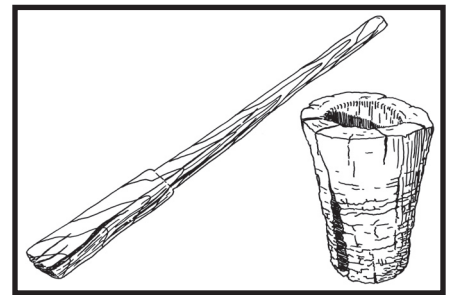
**antler rake**



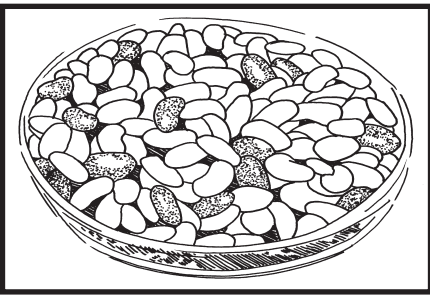
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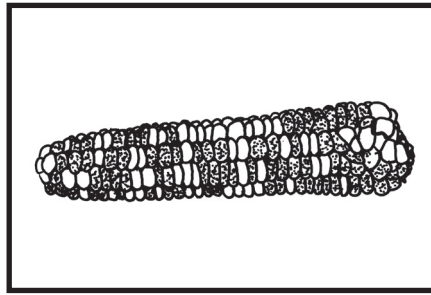
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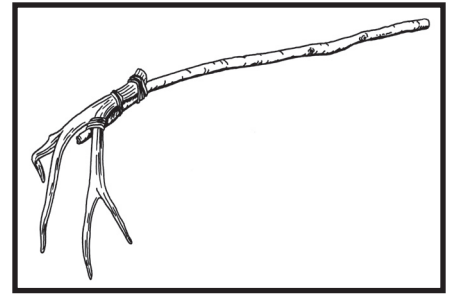
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